

THE PEOPLE HAVE DUTIES.

Taxation in Nevada is a fraud upon the people, and the dark side of the fraud comes because of our negligence. When we have arrived at a conclusion that public business is our business, because we pay the bills, it will be better for us personally and for the public at large. When the people take sufficient interest in public affairs to know for themselves that public business is honestly conducted there will be a change that Nevada has not yet known in politics, or in the direction of the State's business.

When the people are willing to take the direction of the State government into their own hands, to the exclusion of tricksters and political moneybags, whose object has been and is to do that which they are required by the bosses to do, that they in the future may retain or procure public position, a new and more healthy condition in public matters will make an appearance, to the relief of each taxpayer in the State.

We have acquired a habit that makes its appearance periodically of abusing some ministerial officer about our taxes, which is natural that we should do when the press is a little more severely applied. The assessors and the county commissioners usually are the men upon whom we pour our wrath when the weight of taxes grind our souls to desperation.

We are not an apologist for assessors or for county commissioners in the State, because they may be no better than they are described; but Old Nick, who is the most abused creature there in the realms of space or in the hearts of men, is entitled to justice, and out of the principle that entitles the fellow above mentioned to justice, comes the right of assessors and county commissioners to justice.

The legislature of 1899 fixed the State levy at one dollar for State purposes, which levy at a full valuation of property in the State, that is estimated at seventy-five millions of dollars, should give ample revenue to the State for all purposes. Whether the estimate is made for revenue purposes or upon the real value of the property within the State, is not within the knowledge of the writer; but we conclude that the estimate is below the real value of property in the State, as the value of railroad property is not less than sixty millions upon a valuation made for security purposes.

The law demands that all property in the State shall be assessed at its cash value, which requirement is not complied with by any assessor in the State. What the cause may be for under valuation is not positively known to those who are outside of the ring. Those who are outside of the ring include most of the industrious people in the State, and they, of all people in the State, should know the cause for under valuation.

If the valuation given to railroad property in the State is sixty millions the cash value of the property in the State is not less than one hundred and fifty millions, which would give the State double the amount it now receives from revenue, which is more than the demands of the State require. There is a cause that operates against a cash valuation, the discovery of which may aid us in arriving at a proper reason for the failure to assess property as the law requires.

The railroad is content respecting its property valuation, and the man with the required temerity to make an attack on the railroad is not often found in Nevada, which statement is made advisedly. There is not a man in the State, who is an observer, who does not know that the pack that is used to run down a man who will demand his rights against oppression, will be turned loose upon him, and all he does will be in some form assailed till he is driven from the State or broken in business, and under such circumstances commissioners and assessors are to be pitied and not censured. These men do not receive the support of the people, and they know that full well.

The people have abandoned the duty they owe to themselves and to honest officers, and have become satisfied by making an occasional growl against those who fear the oppressor's lash.

The Juniors Hopped.

Last evening the closing social event of the fall semester of the University, the Junior hop, took place in the gymnasium.

Notwithstanding that many of the students had already left for their homes, there was a goodly throng present.

Dancing was, of course, the only feature of the evening—if the supper be left out of consideration. This latter number on the program was enjoyed by the JOURNAL force as well as by those who attended the hop, a heaping basket of delicacies having been sent down to the office.

Collecting Birds.

Dr. Willard of San Francisco, an ornithologist of some note, arrived from Plumas county, where he secured a number of specimens of Sierra valley feathered bipeds.

Free Delivery.

Rosenthal & Armarko will hereafter handle all newspapers and periodicals and will deliver same to subscribers free of cost for delivery. Leave orders at store, Commercial Row, Reno. d81f

NEWLANDS CONDEMNNS

THE CURRENCY BILL

[Continued from Page 3.]

money. Their use was merely supplementary to that of money, their general use involved the necessity for more money instead of less money.

PRACTICE OF BANKS.

Of the money of the country, about two thirds was now in the pockets of the people, used in the current exchanges; the rest was in the banks, and furnished the basis of credit. It was the custom of banks to loan to their customers, on the average, about five times as much money as they had, the loans being turned into deposits, against which the depositors were accustomed to check. The amount of the depositors' accounts, therefore, depended upon the amount of loans made by the bank, and the amount of loans depended upon the money that the bank had. Country banks were required to keep a reserve of 15 per cent of their deposits in cash, banks in reserve cities were compelled to keep 25 per cent. Assuming, therefore, that the banks of the country had to-day loaned out as much money as they could upon their present reserve of cash, it is impossible to understand how they could loan out more money as business and population increased without an increase in cash. An increase of cash in the banks would enable them to loan more money; a diminution of cash in the banks would cause them to loan less money. A contraction of bank loans meant a contraction of bank deposits, and a contraction of bank deposits meant a contraction of bank checks, so there was an intimate mathematical relation between the cash on the one hand and the bank loans, bank deposits and aggregate of bank checks on the other.

Because the nature of the use of money had changed it did not follow that there was need of less money. It is true that the proportion of cash transaction to check transactions is not so great as it was formerly in this country, and it is not so great as in other countries where the cash system prevails, but the credit system means a multiplicity of exchanges, and increased bank credits must involve increased cash reserves.

TRUSTING TO CHANCE.

What folly it was, then, when more basic money was being constantly required, to inaugurate a system which might gradually retire six hundred millions of silver dollars now a part of the money of the country. The answer was made that the increased production of gold would rapidly furnish the money necessary to take the place of the silver eliminated.

Thus chance was substituted for certainty. What certainty was there that the world would produce three hundred millions of dollars in gold annually? What certainty was there that this country could secure any large proportion of that product. The war in the Transvaal might, at any time, cut off one-third of the production. The great spur in the production of gold might be followed, as heretofore, by a decline. In addition to this, the movement of the countries of the world toward the gold standard was not half completed, and yet this country has suffered during the past six years by the immense accumulations of gold in Austria and Russia, accumulations not yet completed.

India is about to hoard gold for the purpose of establishing the gold standard, and if this movement is followed by China and by all the South American states, the new demands for gold will be very much greater than the current supply. It would be reasonable to expect other nations to follow the example of the United States, and the action of the United States is likely to precipitate a scramble for gold such as took place when Germany took steps toward the adoption of the gold standard in 1873. Nearly one-half of the metallic money of the world to-day is silver. How far can even the present production of gold, absorbed as it is in non-monetary uses, such as the industrial arts and dentistry, avail to take the place of nearly four billions of silver dollars which are in process of elimination from the world's currency under the initiative of the United States?

INTERNATIONAL Bimetallism.

Mr. Newlands then took up the question of international bimetallism, and claimed that while the Republican party had committed itself to an earnest effort for international bimetallism, it has withdrawn its negotiations at a most critical time. He claimed that France was friendly and that the British Ministry was friendly, and that the Indian government to whom the British Ministry referred the matter, presented as their principal objection the ratio demanded by the proposals, viz. 15 1/2 to 1; that the Indian government was in favor of the ratio of 22 to 1, to which its finances were then adjusted by the arbitrary fixing of the value of the Indian rupee at 16d in English gold. He showed that the Marquis of Salisbury, in his letter declining the proposals of our envoys, invited further proposals as to the ratio and expressed the hope that since the proposals were first put forward France and the United States might be able to form a more accurate estimate of the amount of assistance they might expect from the other powers, and that he was desirous to ascertain whether they desired to proceed further with the negotiations.

Nothing could be more friendly than the final letter of Lord Salisbury, and no words could more clearly indicate the desire that further communication should be had with the British Ministry on the subject. Strange to say the American government dropped the matter there and preceded no further. Its solicitations of the nations of the world ended and all the indications were that the Administration breathed freely when it ascertained that the expedition which had been sent out in a perfunctory compliance with the Republican platform, ended without accomplishing its purpose.

Mr. Newlands declared that, judging from present indications, it was safe to say that there was no government in the world to-day more determined in its hostility to the use of silver than the Administration now in power in the United States.

Alf Chantz, Carson's leading attorney, is at the Riverside. Superintendent P. B. Brown left for the west last night.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

Last Night's Show.

The song "Ben Bolt" will never grow old and "Trilby" will always be a popular play, that is if the song is always sung and the play acted as they were last night.

For the former, last night's audience was indebted to Mrs. Crepin. Her rich, full mezzo-soprano voice, familiar to Reno music lovers, disclosed the identity of the singer, which the theater management declined to reveal.

McQuarrie made a splendid Svengali, his work being equal to that of Wilton Laockye, creator of the character.

Miss Shirley, as Trilby, gave a very artistic impersonation of the part. As in the former renditions given by this troupe, the support was almost up to the standards set by the star and leading man.

Our old friend "Del," who portrayed the character of Taffy, covered his blond whiskers with glory. He was as steady as an eight day clock, displaying nothing of that embarrassment that was slightly noticeable on the preceding evening, when he made his debut before a home audience. Del was indeed a gilt-edged Taffy. He will do this town proud some day when his talents get limbered up.

Yes, we are all glad we saw "Trilby" and, if we can spare the small change, we will not miss an evening the balance of this entertaining week.

We must give the Jessie Shirley company sufficient encouragement to cause them to come our way again. This evening a laughable farce-comedy, "That Precious Baby" will be presented, preceded by a curtain raiser entitled, "A Virginia Romance." This promises to be one of the best plays of the week.

A \$5,000 Fire.

A little after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the residence of J. P. Kelley, near the English Mill, was discovered to be on fire.

The flames were first seen by the Sullivan boys who reside on the next ranch.

The neighbors quickly gathered and an effort was made to save as much of the furniture as possible, it being impossible to save the house.

A JOURNAL reporter rode out as soon as the fire was noticed, it being plainly visible from this city. In an hour the building was in ashes. It was a fine two-story structure, costing \$4,500.

Mr. Kelley is at a loss to know how the fire started as no one was supposed to be around the house at the time. The insurance upon the house was \$2,500 and \$1,000 on the household goods. Mr. Kelley will rebuild.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in the most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement, I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts per bottle at S. J. Hodgkinson's Drug Store.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children when teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums, reduces Inflammation and gives Tone and Energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

Tried To-day.

Gen. Fogel has been cited to appear at 10 o'clock this morning to stand trial for assault and battery alleged to have been committed on the person of a man named Wilson with whom he engaged in a rough and tumble fight a week or two ago. A large number of witnesses have been subpoenaed for both sides of the case.

By this Morning's Train.

Mr. and Mrs. Osburn will arrive on the 8 o'clock train this morning with the remains of their son, who died in California.

EVERYONE OF CONSEQUENCE

Stops at

THE PALACE HOTEL

It is the

BEST HOUSE IN THE CITY.

Our Clairville Friends.

A Clairville correspondent informs the JOURNAL that the little village in the Plumas pineries will celebrate New Year's day by an entertainment and ball. The proceeds are to be devoted to liquidating the indebtedness on the free reading room they have recently established there.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by S. J. Hodgkinson, druggist.

Come Just to Look

Big Value

China-ware
Crocery
Glassware
Lamps
Ornaments
Novelties
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Come Just to Look.

Great American Importing Tea Co.

COMMERCIAL ROW, RENO.

Stores 100 in Number
Prices Away Under.

GRAND COLONIAL BALL

To be given by

RENO WHEELMEN'S CLUB

at the

PAVILION

MONDAY, JANUARY 1ST, 1900.

FIRST DANCE OF 20TH CENTURY
VALUABLE PRIZES FOR BEST
SUSTAINED CHARACTERS

Grand March Will Commence at 9

FANCY BICYCLE DRILL AT 8:30
GRAND CAKE WALK BY LADIES
AND GENTLEMEN IN WHITE
FACE AND COLONIAL DRESS

FINEST MUSIC OBTAINABLE

Tickets Admitting Lady and Gent \$1
SINGLE ADMISSION, 50c.

M'KISSICK'S OPERA-HOUSE,

ED PIPER, LESSEE AND MANAGER.

ONE WEEK ONE WEEK

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 18.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITE

MISS JESSIE SHIRLEY

And her company in a repertoire of new plays.

10 Cents
Doris
Wife for Wife
20 Cents
Trilby
AND
That Precious Baby
30 Cents
Moths
Daughter of the Empire

MATINEE: GAME OF WITS.

Grand Saturday Matinee

Uniform Band Parade and Concert
Daily at 11:30.

On Sale at Rosenthal & Armarko's.

RIVERSIDE

UNDERTAKING

PARLOR

G. W. PERKINS,

SUCCESSOR TO W. ANDERS

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

AND EMBALMER

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Orr Water Ditch Co. will be held at the office of the company in the Washoe County Bank, on Saturday, January 6, 1900, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees to act for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
C. GULLING, Secretary.

GIFTS GIFTS GIFTS

At
S. JACOBS'

The

Reliable Clothier

Holidays are fast approaching and many useful gifts can be purchased in the way of a Fancy shirt, a beautiful necktie, a rich-looking muffler or one-half dozen pairs of fine hose, a nobby and well-fitting suit of clothes for your husband, a stylish box overcoat for your son—in fact most anything in hats, caps and handkerchiefs.

MANY STYLES TO SELECT FROM.

NECKWEAR A SPECIALTY—

BANDS BOWS PUFFS TIECKS CLUB WINSORS

IN THE MOST FASHIONABLE SHADES AND SHAPES.

NOTE—Extremely low prices on the above goods. Call and be convinced.

S. JACOBS

RE-OPENING

of Store Pre-occupied by S. Emrich. Next door to Nevada Bank.

The Modern Show-Windows

Partly display styles and fashions now in vogue.

The Store

Is filled with all of the latest Dress Goods, Fancy Goods, Golf and other capes.

Jackets

For Ladie's and Children and a full supply of domestic goods such as Blankets, Comforters, Spreads, Lace Curtains, Towels, Napkins and Table Linen.

These Goods

Are all sold at the lowest possible prices, comparing favorably with any large city east or west.

A Cordial Invitation Extended To All.

S. Emrich.

FURNITURE?

WHAT MORE
SUITABLE FOR

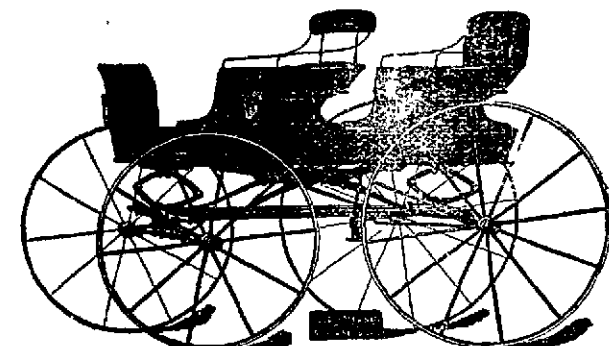
CHRISTMAS GIFTS

THAN THAT
WHICH HAS

BOTH BEAUTY AND UTILITY?

Donnels & Steinmetz.

J. R. Bradley Co
(Incorporated.)
HARDWARE



GROCERIES

AGENTS Deering Mowers, Reapers and Rakes. Studebaker Carriages, Buggies and Wagons. Oliver Chilled Plows The Sherman-Williams Paints.

A new line of Studebaker's Buggies and Road Wagons received from the factory this month.

RENO, - - - NEVADA.

C. NOVACOVICH

DEALER IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

Groceries

Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Hardware
Glassware, Tobacco, Cigars, Wines and Liqueurs

PERSONALS.

Major B. F. Spriggs, the Indian agent, who has been spending a few days in this city, returns to Pyramid reservation to-day.

Mrs. R. C. Moore arrived in Reno yesterday after an extended visit in Butte, Montana. She stopped in Lovelock a few days on her return.

Charles Brown left for the east yesterday.

Charles R. Lewers, instructor in the law department of Stanford University, is here on a visit to his brother, Prof. Lewers of the University of Nevada.

Lloyd Tevis Stephenson, the Vinton merchant, is in Reno on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Mrs. H. G. Roberts, proprietress of the hotel at Cuba, Lassen county, is visiting friends in Reno.

Rev. McGill arrived from the north yesterday.

Messrs. Willey and Hamlin, the cattle men, came in yesterday from the northern country.

Twentieth Century Ball.

Everything is progressing nicely with the Historical and Colonial ball to be given by the Reno Wheelmen's Club, January 1st, 1900. Every member of the club (numbering about 250) should consider it his duty to the organization to attend in costume, take his wife, sweetheart or sister, and make an effort to see that all who attend spent an enjoyable evening.

The cake-walk will be one of the most enjoyable features, as several couples from the neighboring towns will probably take part, also a number of graceful young ladies and gentlemen from our own city.

Select a costume and join in the most original and enjoyable party ever given in Reno. Remember this is the first dance of the twentieth century so start the new year right.

Announcement.

I have just received a complete line of working and dress shirts of the latest patterns and styles, which I will sell at bedrock prices. I wish to call particular attention to a working shirt I am handling. It is undoubtedly the best working shirt that was ever sold on the Coast for the money. Call and examine the same.

I have all the latest patterns in golf and negligee shirts, in silks and madras cloths.

I am pleased to announce that I have secured the agency of the Wheeler overalls, famous on this Coast as being the best fitting and most durable overalls on the market. It is riveted, triple-sewed and made of the heaviest and best denim. Try a pair and be convinced.

Free employment office in connection with the store.

ALFRED NELSON.

A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praise throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at S. J. Hodgkinson's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

Wedding Bells.

Yesterday at the house of the bride's aunt, Mrs. C. Derbyshire, Rev. F. Vernon Jones spoke the words which made Thomas Crane and Mable Bringham, both of Beckwith, man and wife. Following were the gifts:

Silver butter dish, Thomas Jones; pickle dish, Kirtle Bringham; water set, Edward Leeper; parlor lamp and dinner set, O. Bringham; rose jar, Misses Derbyshire; berry dish, Misses Kirby; lounge cover, Mrs. Derbyshire.

French Tansy Wafers.

The world's famous remedy for painful period and irregularities, regardless of cause, are never failing and safe. The wafers are the married woman's best friend. The only reliable female regulator; imported Paris. Take nothing else but insist on the genuine, red rappers, with our trade mark. La France Drug Co, importers, 306 Turk street, San Francisco, jly2 1y

Dusky Athletes.

Seventeen members of the Carlisle Training school football team and substitutes will pass through Reno this morning enroute for Berkeley where they will combat the University of California champions.

Bringing Home Their Boy.

W. E. Lemmon received a telegram yesterday from R. S. Osburn stating that Mr. and Mrs. Osburn had left Los Angeles at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning with Lem's body. They are expected to arrive this morning.

NEWLANDS CONDEMNS THE CURRENCY BILL

He Explains the Present Prosperity—Says That It Vindicates the Bimetallists—The Finances Since the Year 1893.

Representative Newlands of Nevada spoke at length in the House today in opposition to the currency bill. Mr. Newlands traced the history of the country through the period of depression commencing in 1893. The panic of 1893 was not caused by the coinage of silver under the Sherman act. There were two causes for this panic. One was the constantly diminishing price which this country was receiving from the export of its farm products, the price of these products being largely determined by the prices in silver countries, whose exports were stimulated by the low price of silver. Another cause was the failure of the McKinley act to meet expectations of the farmers as a revenue producer. The free admission of sugar took away a large annual revenue for which no sufficient substitute was offered by the McKinley bill, and the bill which was intended to cure the evils of a surplus revenue presented all the disadvantages of a deficit revenue. The country therefore was drained in two ways: The national treasury was drained of its accumulations by a deficit-producing revenue bill, and the country was drained by an adverse balance of trade owing to the fact that its agricultural products had been lessened in their debt-paying capacity. Accompanying this came a demand for gold in Austria, and the greenbacks and treasury notes were used by foreign financiers as a means of drawing out the gold required for the Austrian treasury.

Mr. Cleveland, aided by the banks and the metropolitan press, took advantage of the situation to raise the false cry that the Sherman act was the cause of existing conditions, and the banks themselves, in their keen desire to stop the coinage of silver, created a clamor which in turn caused a run upon the banks. The withdrawal of deposits and the constant diminution of bank credits was a natural result. The Cleveland administration having come into power, its first act was to repeal the Sherman act, and the second was to pass the Wilson bill. No more unfavorable time could have been taken for the lowering of the tariff wall. The very purpose of this act was to let more foreign goods in; every foreign product which was admitted displaced so much American labor, and thus a readjustment of the labor question throughout the country was forced.

The country therefore during Cleveland's administration was subjected to two great disturbances, one financial, by cutting off the increase of money throughout the United States by the repeal of the Sherman act, when more money was needed; the other was industrial, involving the lowering of the tariff wall and a proportional substitution in our own markets of foreign products for goods produced by the labor of our own people. During all this time confident predictions were made of an immediate advance in prosperity, to be caused by increased confidence. None of these predictions were realized, and the Republican party came into power upon the promise of a protective tariff measure and of an increased volume of money to be secured by free coinage of silver through international agreement.

As soon as a Republican victory was announced it was declared that confidence was restored and that the wheels of industry would immediately move. The whistles of the factories throughout the country heralded the coming of renewed prosperity and activity, but Congress met in the following March without the realization of this confident prediction. It was then insisted that as soon as the protective tariff bill was passed the wheels would move, and so the Dingley bill was framed and allowed to take its course unobstructed by the opposition and aided by the friends of silver in the Senate. The bill passed, and again the whistles were sounded, but the wheels did not move, and Congress adjourned in July 1897, without any change in the condition of the country.

SHORT CROPS ABROAD.

It was not until after Congress adjourned that the change took place. The cause of it was the great demand for our agricultural products, caused by short crops elsewhere, the result being a favorable trade balance which brought within a few months many million dollars of gold to us. This was followed by large exports of manufactured goods, mainly produced by the very trusts now complained of, and which constitutes so serious a menace to individual enterprise as well as to the compensation of labor. The gold trust produced the industrial trust. The cause for their organization was falling prices and the necessity of cheaper production, and so the various industries were combined; improved machinery was secured; middle men were dispensed with; clerks, salesmen and officials were consolidated and the result was a cheapened production which sought the markets of foreign countries. Thus the great demand for our agricultural as well as our manufactured products brought to this country within three years very nearly \$300,000,000 in gold, and the increase in prosperity can be directly traced, not to the repeal of the Sherman act, not to the passage of the Dingley act, though the latter was a factor by doing away with a deficit of revenue, but to the increased volume of money caused by a favorable trade balance which restored the per capita circulation in this country which prevailed prior to 1893, viz., \$25 per head—the per capita during intermediate years having fallen as low as \$23 per head.

BANK CREDITS INCREASED.

The effect of this increase of money was to increase the gold in the treasury and to increase the cash reserves in the banks. Each dollar of additional cash reserve gave an opportunity of the extension of \$5 of credit by the banks, and thus a hundred millions additional cash in the banks meant a possible extension of credit to the extent of five hundred millions which thus increased the check transactions of the country. The panic had been caused by a withdrawal of cash from the banks, which, in turn, compelled the banks to call in their loans. The loans made by national

banks had been diminished from over two billion dollars in 1892, to one billion eight hundred and seventy-one million in 1893, and in 1898 these loans were increased to two billion two hundred and fourteen millions, and in 1899 to two billion four hundred and ninety-six million dollars. In other words, between 1893 and 1899 national bank loans had been increased over six hundred millions, five hundred millions of which was accomplished between 1897 and 1899. This statement is itself proof of the contention of bimetallists, that admitting the assumption of the monometallists that most of the transactions of the country are accomplished by checks as distinguished from cash. It is also true that the aggregate amount of checks depends upon the amount of credits issued by banks, and that the amount of credits issued by banks depends upon the cash within their vaults, and the increase of five hundred millions in two years of bank credits and the consequent multiplication of exchanges through bank checks is directly traceable to about one hundred millions of additional cash deposited in the national banks.

Though no accurate data can be obtained as to state and private banks, it is safe to say that their credits had increased to nearly the same extent as that of the national banks, and it is fair to assume that within two years the bank credits have been increased at least eight hundred millions by the deposits with the banks of less than two hundred millions of additional money, secured by a favorable balance of trade, for it must be recollected that of the three hundred millions of increased money secured during the past three years at least one hundred millions has gone into the federal treasury, and it is therefore not a basis for bank credits.

The increase of prosperity during the past two years demonstrates the correctness of the theory entertained by bimetallists, viz., that all other things being equal, prices will depend upon the quantity of money in circulation; that an increase of the money volume meant higher prices and a diminution of the money volume meant lower prices.

The demonetization of silver was started in 1873 at a time when the production of gold was lower than it had been for twenty years. There was no expectation at that time of an increase in the production of gold, on the contrary, the general opinion was that the output of gold was steadily diminishing, and yet, when more metallic money was constantly required to meet the increasing wants of business, it was proposed to demonetize the metal which was increasing in products and to give monetary efficiency only to the metal which was diminished in product. The gradual fall in prices from 1873 to 1897 accompanied the gradual and progressive reduction in the use of silver, until the whole world, suffering from the appreciation of gold and the depreciation of property and products, started out in a search for gold. The result has been a tremendous increase in the product of gold, the annual product today being nearly treble the annual product when the process of silver demonetization commenced.

THE CLAIM OF THE BIMETALLISTS.

The increased production of metallic money had relieved the situation and proved the contention of bimetallists as to the quantitative theory. All that intelligent bimetallists claimed was that the world needed more money; that all the gold and all the silver thus far produced had not been sufficient to meet the world's demand for money; that the world was more likely to get a sufficient supply from two sources than from one; that the vital question was a sufficient supply; that the rise in prices and the increase of prosperity consequent upon the larger production of gold during the last two years and the increased prosperity in this country consequent upon the addition to its money volume of nearly three hundred millions, obtained by a favorable balance of trade, have proved the contention of the bimetallists and vindicated their theory.

BASIC MONEY CONTRACTED

The vice of the proposed action was, Mr. Newlands claimed, that the Republican party now proposes to take advantage of the increasing production of gold for the elimination of the existing stock of silver in this country from use. The metallic stock of the country consists of about nine hundred millions of gold and six hundred millions of silver, fifteen hundred millions in all. This is the only basic money, the only money of final redemption.

It is true there are greenbacks and national bank notes in existence, but these are merely promissory notes payable in metallic money, issued either by the government or the banks. While they aid in the exchanges they form no part of the money of the country; on the contrary, they themselves are redeemable in money. The metallic money needed no redemption; silver needed no redemption, but the purpose of the dominant party was to make the six hundred millions of silver redeemable in gold by the treasury. It was true that they used the term "exchange," that is to say, the treasury was to exchange gold for silver, but if gold was to be given for silver, clearly silver would turn into a debt redeemable in gold and thus become a liability of the treasury. By this process the basic money of the country was to be contracted from fifteen hundred millions to nine hundred millions, and unless relief was given in some other way the contraction would be disastrous.

FUNCTION OF CHECKS.

To justify this great wrong, the dominant party claimed that the great bulk of the business of the country was conducted upon a credit basis, and that credit involved absolute security as to the standard. It was claimed that checks and bills of exchange had largely taken the place of money. No greater fallacy existed than this. Checks and bills of exchange had not taken the place of

(Continued on Page 4.)

A SURE CURE FOR COUGH.

Twenty-five Years' Constant Use without a Failure.

The first indication of cough is hoarseness, and in a child subject to that disease it may be taken as a sure sign of the approach of an attack. Following this hoarseness is a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the cough appears, it will prevent attack. It is used in many thousands of homes in this broad land and never disappoints the anxious mothers. We have yet to learn of a single instance in which it has not proved effectual. No other preparation can show such a record—twenty-five years' constant use without a failure. For sale by Wm. Pinniger, Druggist.

Nevada's Delegates.

Dr. Stubbs, John Sparks and probably George W. Mapes and J. N. Evans will leave on the 10th of next month for the Cattlemen's Convention in Fort Worth, Texas.

Dr. Stubbs will deliver an address on "Nevada as a Stock Growing State." Mr. Sparks will speak on the subject, "High Grade Cattle in the Mountains of Nevada."

Hitherto Nevada has had little or no representation at conventions of this sort except by the ever faithful Sparks. This time, however, the State will have a fine representation.

Secretaries Changed.

Frank M. Lee is now Secretary of the Union Building and Loan Society, having been chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Robert C. Moore.

Mr. Moore was secretary of the society for five years and the success and rapid growth of the institution was largely due to his excellent services.

In Mr. Lee he will have a worthy successor.

A Fireman Hurt.

O. Schoer, a student at the University, received a telegram yesterday morning stating that his brother, who fires out of Wells, was seriously injured.

No particulars of the wreck have yet been received outside of railroad circles. Mr. Schoer left last night on the east-bound.

Exquisite Christmas Display

Comb and Roll Tray, Cake and Olive Tray, Rich Cut Glassware, Cameo Ware. COME JUST TO LOOK. Great American Importing Tea Co. Commercial Row, Reno.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

LOOK

Over the following prices which you may be guided by in like goods. Having no rent or clerk hire it goes to the benefit of my customers:

Conqueror and Key West cigars, 2 for 25 cents; Commander and Chief, clear Havana, 2 for 25 cts.; Porto de Oro, 3 for 25 cts.; Lillian Russell and Fat Boy cigars, 5 cts.; 10 cent cigars, \$1 per box.

J. J. QUINN, 220 Virginia street, Reno, Nevada.

YOUR CHRISTMAS LIST

SHOULD CONTAIN A MEN-TION OF SOME OF THESE ARTICLES. . . .

STATIONERY.

As "The apparel of proclaim the man," so does your correspondence vouch for you. Dress it well. We have some beautiful Christmas boxes, paper and envelopes. 50c to \$2

PERFUME ATOMIZERS

Are dainty gifts for "my lady's" dressing table. We have some particularly handsome ones which we sell for from \$1.25 to \$3

NOR HAVE WE FORGOTTEN

THE MEN.

Cigars (the kind they like) \$1.55 a box. Vest Pocket Card Cases, \$1.55. Traveling Suits, \$3. Shaving Apparatus, \$5c up.

Gunther's Delicious Candies are good for you.

THE CANN DRUG CO.

LEADING DRUGGISTS.

PLENTY OF TIME YET

FOR EXMAS PRESENTS HAVE SOMETHING

NEAT TASTY AND ARTISTIC

TO GIVE TO YOUR FRIENDS

WE HAVE SOME SWELL STYLES

Riverside Studio.

202 Virginia St., Reno, Nevada

Pocketbook Lost.

A large black pocket book containing papers of no value to any one but the owner has been lost. Finder will please return to Judge Currier's office. A liberal reward will be paid for its return.

THREE STYLES OF OVERCOATS

THAT is the number I have to offer you this week. One is as good as the other; you can surely be suited. These goods are all tailored in the most up-to-date and thorough manner and each garment is given the closest inspection before it is placed upon our shelves.

NOTHING COULD BE MORE APPROPRIATE FOR A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.



THE STYLE THE NEAT DRESSERS ARE WEARING MOST IS The Skeleton and Silk Lined Box Overcoat. There is nothing more nobly. For this week you can have them at our store for :

Eight Dollars

Another style is the regular length overcoat. I have the latest colors and finish. For the week at :

Ten Dollars

We have a large assortment of ulsters with storm collars. They are proof against cold weather. You can have them this week :

Six Dollars

John Sunderland VIRGINIA STREET RENO, NEV.

A LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF

XMAS PRESENTS

Low Prices at W. Pinniger's DRUG STORE

Examine my selectd stock before purchasing elsewhere .

A. W. FOX.

(Successor to the Boston Tailoring Company.)

Virginia Street, Near Commercial Row

—RENO, NEVADA.—

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Fine Imported and American Suitings.

Measurements taken and a fit guaranteed. Prices in keeping with the times. oc8

Prudent Buyers of CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

WILL FIND AT

R. HERZ & BRO. THE LEADING JEWELERS

The largest and best selection of :

HOLIDAY GOODS

Prices cannot be duplicated.

FINE ENGRAVING A SPECIALTY



The Attraction

BEAUTIFUL JACKETS, PLUSH AND GOLF CAPES STYLISH TAILOR MADE SKIRTS, CHOICE EXCLUSIVE DRESS PATTERNS. THE JUST THE STYLE TRIMMING BRAIDS.

All Kid Gloves from One Dollar Up.

GUARANTEED. FULL LINE OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS—ALL UP-TO-DATE—AT POPULAR PRICES.

SOL LEVY

DRY GOODS AND CARPET STORE

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Dr. R. P. Chandler,
DENTIST.

Office hours 9 a. m. to 12 and 1 to 5 p. m.
Rooms 13 and 14, Washoe Co. Bank Bld.

RENO, NEVADA.

CHARLES L. KNOX,
Attorney-at Law.

MISS MINNIE KNOX,
Typewriting.

POWNING BUILDING, RENO, NEV.

DAVID W. RULISON, D. D. S.
HELEN M. RULISON, D. D. S.

Dentists.

Graduates of College of Dentistry,
University of California.

Office—Pawning Building, over Tas-
sell's shoe store, Reno.

A. E. HERSHISER, M. D.
—EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT—

Office—Sunderland Building.
Hours—8 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8
p. m.
Zapf Reno, Nevada.

CHAS. A. COFFIN, D. D. S.,
—DENTIST—

OFFICE—Investment Building over
C. J. Brookins' store, Virginia street,
Reno, Nevada. aug8tf

DR. H. BERGSTEIN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

SPECIALTY—Mental and Nervous
Diseases—

OFFICE & RESIDENCE—Rooms 4, 5 and 6,
Reno Investment
Building, adjoining the Reno Water Com-
pany Office corner 2nd and Sierra streets
OFFICE HOURS—10 a. m. to 12 m. and 2 to
4 p. m.
Sundays and Holidays 10 a. m. to 12 m.
Can be called by Telephone.

S. C. GIBSON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Obstetrician and Gynecologist.

OFFICE Eureka Block, Virginia street
OFFICE HOURS—8:30 a. m. to 12 m., 1 to 4
and 7 to 9 p. m.

RESIDENCE—Stevenson street.
Office and residence on Nevada Tele-
phone Circuit. 5-717

TV 107'EN. THOMAS WREN,

WREN & JULIEN.
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Will practice in all Courts. Probate prac-
tice and business settlements a specialty.

OFFICE. Eureka Block, Virginia St.

WM. WEBSTER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

RENO, NEVADA.

Will practice in all the Courts of Nevada &
California

OFFICE—in Washoe County Bank Build-
ing upstairs. au

FRANK H. NORCROSS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Will practice in all the Courts of the State.

OFFICE—Room 5, Bank of Nevada Build-
ing, Reno, Nevada. ap21tf

ALFRED CHARTZ.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

CARSON CITY — NEVADA

A. T. DORMIO
Dealer in—

Groceries, Provisions, Fruit,
Nuts, Confectionery,
Wines, Liquors.

Claret.....\$.50 up
Sherry & Port..... 1.00 "
Whisky..... 2.00 "
Sweet Cider, per qt. 15c; gal. 50c

OPPOSITE PASSENGER DEPOT.

CUMMINGS & STOCKTON,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
AND EMBALMERS.

—TERMS REASONABLE.—

OFFICE O'CONNOR BUILDING,
Opposite Postoffice

THE ARCADE HOTEL.
—OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Convenient for All Trains,
Fine Restaurant Attached,
Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at
the Bar.

DOLPH SHANE —Proprietor
Zapf.

**EASTERN AND
HOME MARKETS**

Corrected Daily—Guide for the
Farmer and Stock Raiser.

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Market steady.

Western steers.....	\$4.00	4.75
Cows and heifers.....	2.00	4.75
Canners.....	2.25	3.25
Stockers and feeders.....	3.60	4.70
Calves.....	3.50	6.75
Bulls, stags etc.....	2.60	3.85

SHEEP—Market steady.

Western muttons.....	\$4.00	4.30
Stock sheep.....	3.60	4.00
Lambs.....	4.25	5.25

Receipts—Cattle, 3,500; sheep, 3,400.

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Market steady.

Steers.....	\$3.00	6.50
Cows and heifers.....	2.10	4.35
Stockers and feeders.....	3.75	4.80
Bulls.....	2.60	4.00

SHEEP—Market steady.

Muttons.....	\$3.00	4.25
Lambs.....	4.50	5.25

Receipts—Cattle, 11,000; Sheep, 4,000

DENVER.

CATTLE—Market active and firm.

Beef steers.....	\$3.50	4.50
Cows.....	2.75	3.65
Bulls, stags etc.....	2.00	3.00

SHEEP—Nothing doing.

Receipts—Cattle, 1,115; Sheep,

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Market steady.

Good to choice steers.....	\$4.50	7.50
Common grades.....	3.25	5.25
Stockers and feeders.....	3.00	4.80
Bulls, cows and heifers.....	3.00	5.25
Texas steers.....	3.25	4.20
Calves.....		

SHEEP—Market steady.

Western sheep.....	\$4.00	4.50
Choice Western lambs.....	5.15	5.50

Receipts—Cattle, 3,500; sheep, 10,000.

RENO PRODUCE MARKET

Eggs.....	30	40
Potatoes.....	14	16
Cabbages.....	1 1/4	1 1/2
Honey.....	10	12 1/2
Butter, creamery, lb.....	20	26
" dairy.....	18	20
Cheese, Y. A.....	13	15
" full cream.....	12 1/2	13

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

STATE LAND OFFICE,
CARSON CITY, NEVADA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE
State of Nevada, under the Act of
Congress approved June 16, 1880, (21 Stat.
287), has filed in the United States Land Office
at Carson City, Nevada, list No. 255 of lands
selected under said Act, and has applied for
a patent for said lands; that a part of said
list is open to the public for inspection, and
a copy thereof, by descriptive sub-divisions,
has been posted in a convenient place in said
United States Land Office for the inspection
of all persons interested and the public gener-
ally.

Within the next sixty days following the
date of this notice protests or contests
against the claim of said State of Nevada to
any tract or sub-division described in the
list, on the ground that the same is more val-
uable for mineral than agricultural purposes,
will be received and noted by the Register
and Receiver of the United States Land
Office at Carson City, Nevada, for report to
the General Land Office at Washington,
D. C.

The following are the sub-divisions de-
scribed, to wit: E 1/4 of NE 1/4 Sec 28, T 21 N,
R 18 E, M D B & M—30 acres.

E. D. KELLEY,
State Land Register of the State of Nevada.
Date of first insertion December 2, 1899, 10w

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

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CARSON CITY, NEVADA.

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will be received and noted by the Register
and Receiver of the United States Land
Office at Carson City, Nevada, for report to
the General Land Office at Washington,
D. C.

The following are the sub-divisions de-
scribed, to wit: SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 and NE 1/4 of
SW 1/4 Sec 32, T 20 N, R 18 E, M D B & M—30
acres.

E. D. KELLEY,
State Land Register of the State of Nevada.
Date of first insertion December 2, 1899, 10w

NOTICE OF HEARING PETITION
OF DISTRIBUTION.

THE HEIRS OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN
W. CRUTY, deceased, and all whom
concerns, are hereby notified that J. V.
Peters, administrator of said estate, has
filed in the Second Judicial District Court
of the State of Nevada, for Washoe county,
petition for final account and distribution
of said estate, and that the Judge of said
court has ordered that the hearing of such
petition for distribution be had on the 13th
day of November, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock A.
M., at the District Court room in the court
house of said county, in Reno, Nevada, and
that this notice be published three weeks,
until that date, in the Daily Nevada State
Journal at each daily issue thereof, when all
things in relation to such distribution will
be heard and considered.

Done by order of the Judge of said court
this 27th day of October, 1899.

F. B. PORTER, Clerk.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

ORR WATER DITCH COMPANY—LOCA-
tion of property, Washoe county, Ne-
vada; place of business, Reno, Nevada.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of
the Board of Directors of the above named
company, held on the 11th day of November,
1899, an assessment (No 89) of three dollars
per share was levied upon each and every
share of the capital stock of said company,
payable immediately in United States gold
coin to the treasurer, the Washoe County
Bank. Any stock upon which this assess-
ment shall remain unpaid on

Monday, December 11, 1899,

Shall be deemed delinquent, and will be
advertised for sale at public auction and unless
previously paid will be sold by the Secretary
at the office of said company on Thursday,
the 11th day of January, 1900 at 3 o'clock P. M.
of that day, to pay such delinquent assess-
ment, together with costs and expenses of
said sale. By order of the Board of Directors,
G. GULLING, Secretary.

Reno, Nevada, Nov. 11, 1899.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have
Always Bought

Bears the
Signature
of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

100 Drops

Vegetable Preparation for As-
similating the Food and Regula-
ting the Stomach and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerful-
ness and Rest. Contains neither
Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Dr. J. C. FLETCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe -
Sassafras -
Cinnamon -
Ginger -
Licorice -
Syrup -
Castor Oil -

A perfect Remedy for Constipa-
tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,
Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
ness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

RENO, Nev., June 30, 1899.

TO THE HON. BOARD OF COUNTY
Commissioners of Washoe county, Ne-
vada:—

I hereby submit my report as County
Treasurer, of Washoe county, Nevada, for
the quarter ending Sep. 30, 1899, as fol-
lows:

Balance in treasury July 1, 1899. \$79,185 50

RECEIPTS.

For month of July 1899 \$12,981 32
do do Aug 1899. 2,035 71
do do Sep, 1899. 2,981 38
Total R'pts for quar. \$17,998 41

Total \$97,183 91

DISHURSEMENTS.

For month of July, 1899 \$7,247 02
do do Aug. 1899 16,875 32
do do Sep. 1899. 6,133 58
Total disbursements for quar \$30,255 70

Balance in the Treasury
Sep 30, 1899. \$66,928 21

To the credit of the following funds:

Nevada State funds.....\$ 1855 04
County funds..... 5,151 08
General fund..... 18,708 34
Contingent fund..... 200 40
Indigent sick fund..... 4,962 24
Road fund..... 6,600 76
Judges salary fund..... 578 10
Nevada S. U. Exp Station..... 461 76
Reno school redemption..... 1,743 40
Reno Town..... 3,827 76
Wadsworth fire bonds of 1899..... 24 30
State University bonds..... 539 30
Wadsworth fire department..... 935 34
General school fund..... 17 23
Wadsworth school building..... 19,672 80
General School fund..... 230 72
School dist No. 1, Franktown..... 230 72
3, Washoe..... 106 41
5, Mill Station..... 280 54
6, Glendale..... 280 54
7, Verdi..... 961 43
9, Huffaker..... 503 09
10, Reno..... 2,468 38
11, Wadsworth..... 139 56
12, North Truckee..... 535 25
13, Meadows..... 152 85
14, Spanish Springs..... 297 27
15, Anderson..... 168 55
16, Red Rock..... 152 85
17, Bonhams..... 108 36
18, Laughtons..... 201 18
24, Buffalo..... 174 09
25, Duck Lake..... 363 33
26, Ragers..... 124 40

Total.....\$66,928 21

D. B. BOYD,
County Treasurer.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

RENO, Nev., October 1, 1899.

TO THE HON. BOARD OF COUNTY COM-
missioners of Washoe county, Ne-
vada:—

In compliance with law I submit the quar-
terly report of the financial condition of
Washoe county for the quarter ending Sep.
30, 1899.

Balance in hands of Treasurer July
1, 1899. \$79,185 50

RECEIPTS.

Delinquent taxes of 1898..... 24 89
Delinquent Poll taxes, 1898..... 8 00
Penalties, advertising, etc..... 2,125 85
Pay Prop. Colln 1899..... 1,553 25
Poll Tax Colln 1899..... 775 50
County licenses..... 1,804 97
Assessor's fees..... 313 84
Town of Reno licenses..... 287 85
Sheriff's fees..... 228 36
Recorder's fees..... 483 75
Assessor's fees..... 28 01
Penal fines in Justices..... 39 15
Forfeited bail bonds..... 26 00
State school money..... 9,491 97
Sale of old Wadsworth
School house..... 401 00

Total cash.....\$97,183 91

EXPENDED.

From Salary fund.....\$2,838 52
General fund..... 4,801 87
Indigent fund..... 1,490 02
General road fund..... 1,505 24
Judges salary fund..... 1,776 00
Wadsworth school fund..... 5,402 80
UN redemption fund..... 390 00
Wadsworth fire fund..... 1,228 62
General school fund..... 175 00
Town of Reno fund..... 5,021 93
Sch'l dist 3, Franktown..... 30 94
do 6, Glendale..... 118 55
do 7, Verdi..... 96 37
do 9, Huffaker..... 294 20
do 10, Reno..... 5,031 93
do 11, Wadsworth..... 290 81
do 12, North Truckee..... 151 30
do 13, Meadows..... 82 30
do 14, Spanish Springs..... 51 80
do 22, Laughtons..... 50 00
do 23, Rager..... 50 00

Total.....\$31,755 70

Balance in Treasurer's hands
Oct. 1, 1899.....\$66,428 21

Unpaid claims on Agricultural
Exp. Station fund.....\$12,000 00

Total.....\$12,000 00

Respectfully submitted,
B. C. SHAVER,
County Auditor

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have
Always Bought

Bears the
Signature
of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

100 Drops

Vegetable Preparation for As-
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INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerful-
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Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Dr. J. C. FLETCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe -
Sassafras -
Cinnamon -
Ginger -
Licorice -
Syrup -
Castor Oil -

A perfect Remedy for Constipa-
tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,
Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
ness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

**MAKE
MONEY**

Excellent Opportu-
nity for a Live Hus-
tler in Every Neva-
da Town.

**SPLENDID
CHANCE
DO NOT
MISS IT
WRITE
TODAY**

Address—
CIRCULATION DEPARTMENT
NEVADA STATE JOURNAL
RENO, NEVADA.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT
Court, State of Nevada, County of Washoe
In the matter of the estate of J. S. Mur-
rely, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned
has been duly appointed and qualified by the
above entitled court as executor of the estate
of J. S. Murrely, late of said county de-
ceased. All creditors having claims against
said estate are required to file the same, with
proper vouchers attached, with the clerk of
the court within three months of the first
publication of this notice.

SARRAH MURRELY, Executrix.
Nov. 21, 1899. 4w

WASHOE COUNTY BANK.
RENO, NEVADA.

Capital, fully paid \$200 000
Surplus fund 90,000

Solicit Your Business.

Accounts of banks, firms and
individuals received upon
favorable terms.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS:

W. O. H. MARTIN, President
GEO. W. MAPES, 1st Vice President
M. E. WARD, 2nd Vice President
O. T. BENDER, Cashier
G. H. TAYLOR, Assistant Cashier
FRANK M. LEE, D. A. BENDER,
A. H. MANNING

MINING and SCIENTIFIC PRESS
THIRTY-NINTH YEAR.

24 Pages : Weekly : Illustrated.

**INDISPENSABLE
TO MINING MEN.**

\$3 PER YEAR, POSTPAID.

SEND FOR SAMPLE COPY.

MINING and Scientific PRESS
330 MARKET ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

NEVADA

STATE JOURNAL

A
GOOD
FAMILY
PAPER.
Published
Daily
and
Weekly

**ARE YOU
ADVERTISING
IN THE
JOURNAL?**

IF NOT, WHY NOT?

They will give you more space, and better
work, for less money, than any other newspaper in
the State.

It Contains all the
Latest Telegraphic and Local News.

Its constituency is the home circle. It is
strong there because it has always been honest
clean, progressive and earnest. It is popular with
all and therefore a profitable advertising medium.

**FINE BOOK
and
JOB PRINTING.**

**WE
WANT
YOUR
TRADE.**
GIVE US
a trial order, we will
show you what we can do.

The workmanship, stock and material are
very best that money can procure

Daily by mail, one year\$6 00
Weekly by mail one year..... 3 00
Daily by carrier, per week..... 15

TRUCKEE * MARKET
SAUER & GROB, Proprietors.
Dealers in Meats of All Kinds.

**BECKWITH
Hotel**
Beckwith, Plumas, County Cal.
A. P. Laffranchini,
Proprietor.

Fine Wines: Fifty Cents
Sherry, Port, Per Gallon.

Two Rates: Carlet and
White Wine.
Choice Brandy.

HOUSE NEWLY FURNISHED
EXCELLENT BOARDING.
First-Class Accommodation.

Finest of Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal
LAMB IN SEASON.
Sausages of all Kinds a Specialty.
Virginia Street, Reno, Nev. Jan11